

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DISTRICT, MOBILE DISTRICT P.O. BOX 2288 MOBILE, ALABAMA 36628-0001

CESAM-RD
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Date: 29 June 2007

U. S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS, MOBILE DISTRICT

DRAFT INTERIM REGIONAL SUPPLEMENT to the 1987 CORPS OF ENGINEERS WETLAND DELINEATION MANUAL: ATLANTIC and GULF COASTAL PLAIN REGION

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Mobile District, announces the availability of the Draft Atlantic & Gulf Coast Regional Supplement to the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual (Environmental Laboratory 1987). This draft was developed by regional expert delineators with input from state and Federal agencies, academia and other local experts. It is being peer reviewed by a panel of independent scientists, the report from which will be available upon request. This draft is also being field tested by interagency teams of state and Federal agencies to determine the clarity and ease of use of the document and whether its use will result in any spatial changes in wetland jurisdiction for Clean Water Act Section 404 purposes.

We are specifically seeking public input, including scientific information/data, on the proposed hydrology, soils and vegetation indicators and data collection procedures in this draft document. Reviewers may wish to field test this manual as part of the public comment procedure. The protocol for this testing is to perform wetland delineations using both the 1987 Wetland Delineation Manual and this draft regional supplement on the same data points. Reviewers should include data sheets from both the manual and draft supplement, maps indicating data collection points (upland and wetland) and a completed questionnaire for each delineation point. The draft, along with the testing protocol and questionnaire, may be located at: http://www.usace.army.mil/cw/cecwo/reg/reg/supp.htm.

Comments must be submitted no later than sixty (60) days from the date of this Public Notice to Katherine Trott (CECW-LRD), U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, 441 G. Street, NW, Washington DC 20314-1000 or by e-mail to 1987Manual@usace.army.mil. Another public notice will be issued by this district announcing the publication of the final supplement and the implementation date of this supplement.

Please contact Tad M. Zebryk, District Coordinator, at (251) 694-3779 or by email at tad.m.zebryk@sam.usace.army.mil, if you have any questions. For additional information about our

Regulatory Program, please visit our web site at www.sam.usace.army.mil/RD/reg, and please take a moment to complete our customer satisfaction survey while you're there. Your responses are appreciated and will allow us to improve our services.

MOBILE DISTRICT
U. S. Army Corps of Engineers

Enclosures:

- 1. Wetland Delineation Field Evaluation Questionnaire
- 2. Field Testing Protocol

WETLAND DELINEATION FIELD EVALUATION QUESTIONNAIRE

This questionnaire should be completed for each boundary delineation performed. The assumption is that <u>two communities</u> were evaluated, one wetland (= "lower community") and one upland (= "upper community") so that a boundary between them could be identified. Fill in the blanks or check spaces as appropriate. Attach copies of the completed field data forms.

Site Name or Location	Date
Evaluator(s)	Affiliation(s)
General Site Characteristics	
Is the sitetypical orproblematic?	If problematic, explain:
Wetland (lower community)	•
Wetland Type:ForestedShrub	resh TidalFresh NontidalSaline Nontidal EmergentMoss/LichenFarmed (hay or crop)
HGM Class:DepressionRiverine Vegetative Cover:DenseEvenly I	FringeSlopeFlat Mixed w/NonvegetatedSparse
Nonwetland (upper community)	
Habitat Type:ForestShrubM Other (specify:	leadow/PrairieMoss/LichenFarmed)
"transition zone" between?YesN	on plant communities?YesNo no between the two communities creating a significant o. If so, how wide was this transition zone?feet between the two communities?YesNo
Boundary Determination	
Compare results from the two methods: (1) memos, and (2) 1987 Manual with the dray) current practice using the 1987 Manual and guidance ft Regional Supplement.
 The wetland boundary was:the same. If different, which method produced theManual with current guidance. What was the linear distance between the production of the same. 	e boundary higher on the landscape? orManual with Regional Supplement
4. What type of indicator(s) were responsi	

Assessment of the Indicators

Hydrophytic Vegetation

 Did the lower community pass the current basic test for hydrophytic vegetation (i.e., >50% of the dominants had an indicator status of FAC or wetter, excluding FAC-)?YesNo Did the lower community pass the "dominance test" in the Regional Supplement (i.e., >50% of the dominants were FAC or wetter, counting FAC- as FAC)?YesNo What other indicators of hydrophytic vegetation were observed in the lower community? a) List those from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List those from the Regional Supplement:
4. Was the vegetation in the lower community a problematic wetland community type? YesNo. If so, briefly describe and explain how the problem was handled
5. Did the upper community pass the current basic test for hydrophytic vegetation (i.e., >50% of the dominants had an indicator status of FAC or wetter, <i>excluding FAC-</i>)?YesNo 6. Did the upper community pass the "dominance test" in the Regional Supplement (i.e., >50% of the dominants were FAC or wetter, <i>counting FAC- as FAC</i>)?YesNo
7. What other indicators of hydrophytic vegetation were observed in the upper community? a) List those from the Manual with current guidance:
b) List those from the Regional Supplement:
8. Did both methods reach the same conclusion regarding the presence of hydrophytic vegetation for the upper community?YesNo. If not, briefly explain
9. Were the hydrophytic vegetation indicators in the Regional Supplement clearly described and easy to apply?YesNo. If not, briefly explain

Hydric Soil

	d both methods find indicators of hydric soil in List those from the Manual with current guidar		
b) L	ist those from the Regional Supplement:		
	d the lower community contain a problematic h YesNo. If so, briefly describe the proble		
	d both methods reach the same conclusion regardunity?YesNo. If not, briefly explain		
a) L	List indicators from the Manual with current gu	idance:	
b) L	List indicators from the Regional Supplement:		
	ere the hydric soil indicators in the Regional Su ?YesNo. <i>If not, briefly explain</i> _		l and easy to
Wetla	ınd Hydrology		
(Re a) I	d both methods determine that wetland hydrolo equires 1 primary indicator or 2 secondary indi List indicators from the Manual with current g Primary: Se	cators.)YesNo uidance: econdary:	
	List indicators from the Regional Supplement: Primary: Se		

Primary:	n the Manual with current guidance: Secondary:	
	the Regional Supplement: Secondary:	
	nd procedures in the Supplement clear a	
	ot, how could they be improved?	
	ot, how could they be improved?	

	3. Based on your testing, do you want to recommend other indicators that should be considered for further evaluation?YesNo. List by indicator type:		
 4.	Was the Regional Supplement's field data form complete, understandable, and easy to fill out?		
	YesNo. If not, how could it be improved?		
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5.	Any additional comments or suggestions?		

Field Testing Protocol

Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Regional Supplement

Organization of field testing teams:

District Offices of the Corps of Engineers in the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region (see the list of District coordinators at the end of this document) will coordinate and oversee the field testing of the draft Regional Supplement. Field testing will be done in cooperation with regional NRCS, EPA, FWS, and other interested federal and state agencies and universities.

Field teams will consist of available interagency experts, with the constraint that each team must include an experienced botanist and a soil scientist to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the basic data.

If needed, the District coordinator will provide team members with an introduction to the Regional Supplement and will explain any new or unfamiliar indicators as necessary to avoid confusion over interpretation of the indicators.

Site Selection:

Testing teams should focus on areas where permitting activity is high. There is no need to sample remote areas unless convenient opportunities arise.

Sample a number of typical wetland sites in each District or subregion, plus a selection of available "problem" situations. Problem situations should include, if possible, areas with unusual plant communities or soil types that may lack indicators, requiring use of Chapter 5 (Difficult Wetland Situations in the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain Region) to make the wetland determination.

Approach:

The basic testing approach is to document at least 2 sampling points at each field site, one point in the wetland and one point in the adjacent upland, and determine the location of the wetland boundary between them. The team should collaborate to make the determination and documentation as accurate as possible. Follow these general steps:

1. Document each sampling point based on existing practice (i.e., 1987 Manual with existing guidance memos and existing local interpretation). For each point, completely fill out the old (1992) wetland determination data form. Locate the wetland boundary based on current practice.

- Document each point using the new (Regional Supplement) data form. Locate the wetland boundary based on indicators and guidance given in the Regional Supplement.
- 3. If the two wetland boundaries are different, measure the distance between them.
- 4. Fill out the attached questionnaire (one copy per field site) to help explain any differences seen in the two methods.
- 5. For each field site sampled, submit the following items to the appropriate District coordinator:
 - a. Completed 1992 and Regional Supplement data forms for each sampling point
 - b. Sketch map of the site with sampling points, wetland boundaries, and any other important features indicated
 - c. One copy of the Field Evaluation Questionnaire
 - d. Optional brief report as necessary to explain test results

<u>List of Corps District Coordinators in the Atlantic and Gulf Coastal Plain</u> Region:

Charles Allred, U.S. Army Engineer District, Vicksburg, MS, 601-631-5546 James Clark, U.S. Army Engineer District, Memphis, TN, 901-544-0735 Andrew Commer, U.S. Army Engineer District, Tulsa, OK, 918-669-7616 John Davidson, U.S. Army Engineer District, Galveston, TX, 409-766-3933 Thomas Fischer, U.S. Army Engineer District, Savannah, GA, 229-430-8566 Randy Fowler, U.S. Army Engineer District, Charleston, SC, 843-329-8134 Michael Hayduk, U.S. Army Engineer District, Philadelphia, PA, 215-656-5822 Robert Heffner, U.S. Army Engineer District, New Orleans, LA, 504-862-2274 David Knepper, U.S. Army Engineer District, Norfolk, VA, 757-201-7488 David Lekson, U.S. Army Engineer District, Wilmington, NC, 252-975-1616 x22 David Madden, U.S. Army Engineer District, Fort Worth, TX, 817-886-1741 Frank Plewa, U.S. Army Engineer District, Baltimore, MD, 717-249-2522 Stuart Santos, U.S. Army Engineer District, Jacksonville, FL, 904-232-2018 Tim Scott, U.S. Army Engineer District, Little Rock, AR, 501-324-5295 Michael Vissichelli, U.S. Army Engineer District, New York, NY, 917-790-8520 Tad Zebryk, U.S. Army Engineer District, Mobile, AL, 251-694-3779